

# Higgs Coupling Measurements at a 1 TeV LC

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# Higgs Branching Fractions from TESLA TDR

Channel	$M_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$	$M_H = 140 \text{ GeV}$	$M_H = 160 \text{ GeV}$
$H^0/h^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	$\pm 0.024$	$\pm 0.026$	$\pm 0.065$
$H^0/h^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	$\pm 0.083$	$\pm 0.190$	
$H^0/h^0 \rightarrow gg$	$\pm 0.055$	$\pm 0.140$	
$H^0/h^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	$\pm 0.050$	$\pm 0.080$	

Table 2.2.5: *Relative accuracy in the determination of Higgs boson branching ratios for  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}$ .*

Channel	$M_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$	140 GeV	160 GeV
$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z)$	$\pm 0.025$	$\pm 0.027$	$\pm 0.030$
$H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$	$\pm 0.051$	$\pm 0.025$	$\pm 0.021$
$H^0 \rightarrow ZZ^*$			$\pm 0.169$

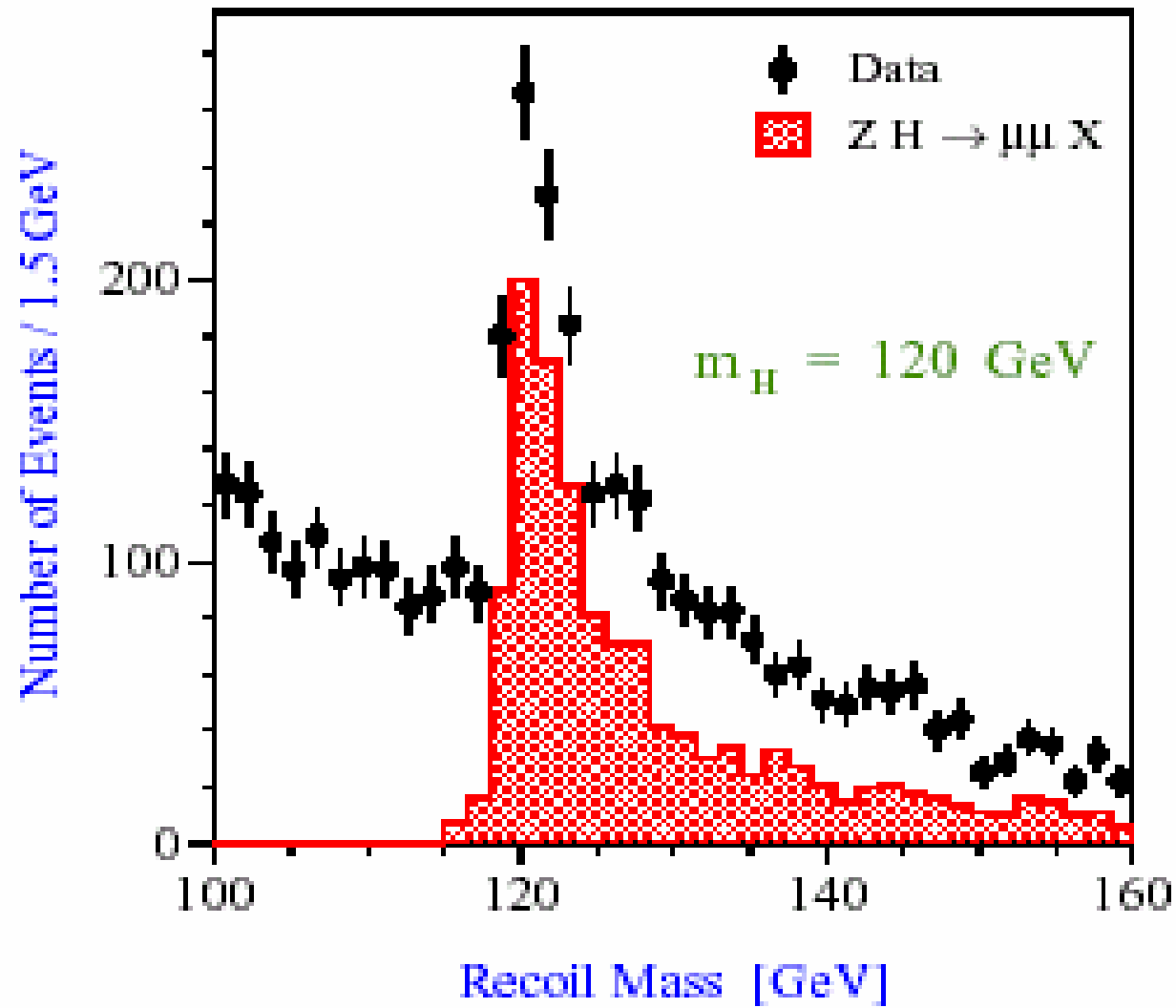
Table 2.2.3: *Relative accuracy in the determination of the SM Higgs boson production cross-sections and decay rates into gauge bosons for  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}$  and  $500 \text{ GeV}$ .*

# Higgs Branching Ratio $B_x$

$$B_x = \frac{N_x - L\sigma_b}{L\sigma_{Zh}\eta_x}$$

$$\frac{\Delta B_x}{B_x} = \left(1 - \frac{L\sigma_b}{N_x}\right)^{-1} \frac{\Delta N_x}{N_x} \oplus \frac{\Delta\sigma_{Zh}}{\sigma_{Zh}} \oplus \left(\frac{N_x}{L\sigma_b} - 1\right)^{-1} \frac{\Delta\sigma_b}{\sigma_b} \oplus \left(1 - \frac{L\sigma_b}{N_x}\right)^{-1} \frac{\Delta L}{L}$$

$$\frac{\Delta B_x}{B_x} \text{ cannot be less than } \frac{\Delta\sigma_{Zh}}{\sigma_{Zh}} = 2.4\%$$



Higgs  $\Gamma_{tot}$

$$\Gamma_{tot} = a \frac{(\sigma_{vvh} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}})}{B_{b\bar{b}} B_{WW^*}}$$

$$\frac{\Delta\Gamma_{tot}}{\Gamma_{tot}} = \frac{\Delta(\sigma_{vvh} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}})}{(\sigma_{vvh} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}})} \oplus \frac{\Delta B_{b\bar{b}}}{B_{b\bar{b}}} \oplus \frac{\Delta B_{WW^*}}{B_{WW^*}}$$

$$\frac{\Delta(\sigma_{vvh} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}})}{(\sigma_{vvh} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}})} = 0.013 \quad \frac{\Delta B_{b\bar{b}}}{B_{b\bar{b}}} = 0.024 \quad \frac{\Delta B_{WW^*}}{B_{WW^*}} = 0.064 \Rightarrow \frac{\Delta\Gamma_{tot}}{\Gamma_{tot}} = 0.07$$

for  $M_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$  assuming  $500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  @  $\sqrt{s} = 350 - 500 \text{ GeV}$

Take cue from Battaglia & DeRoeck results for  $B_{h \rightarrow \mu\mu}$  at CLIC and investigate branching fraction measurements in WW fusion at a 1 TeV LC.

Event rates assuming  $m_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$

$\sqrt{s}(\text{GeV})$	$L(\text{fb}^{-1})$	$e_{pol}^{-}(\%L)$	$e_{pol}^{+}(\%R)$	$L\sigma_{Zh} B_{h \rightarrow b\bar{b}}$	$L\sigma_{Zh} B_{h \rightarrow WW^*}$	$L\sigma_{Zh} B_{Z \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu}$
350	500	0	0	48720	5400	4443
500	500	80	0	$L\sigma_{\nu\nu h} B_{h \rightarrow b\bar{b}}$ 50238	$L\sigma_{\nu\nu h} B_{h \rightarrow WW^*}$ 5562	$L\sigma_{eeh}$
1000	1000	80	50	391149	43335	26159

Higgs  $\Gamma_{tot}$  using  $(\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{WW*})$

instead of  $B_{WW*}$

$$\Gamma_{tot} = a \frac{(\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}})^2}{B_{b\bar{b}}^2 (\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{WW*})}$$

$$\frac{\Delta\Gamma_{tot}}{\Gamma_{tot}} = 2 \frac{\Delta(\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}})}{(\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}})} \oplus 2 \frac{\Delta B_{b\bar{b}}}{B_{b\bar{b}}} \oplus \frac{\Delta(\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{WW*})}{(\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{WW*})}$$

Optimize signal for  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e h$  at 1 TeV  
|  $\rightarrow b\bar{b}$

Require:

$$|\cos\theta_{thrust}| < 0.95$$

$$PT_{vis} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$100 < E_{vis} < 500 \text{ GeV}$$

$$N_{isolated\ leptons} = 0$$

$$N_{jets} < 9$$

$5 < N_{imp} < 20$  where  $N_{imp}$  is number of large  
impact parameter charged tracks



# Use WHIZARD MC to Simulate All 0,2,4,6-Fermion Processes and Dominant 8-Fermion

SM Final States 0,2,4-Fermion

## 0-fermion

$e^+e^- \rightarrow$   $\gamma\gamma$   
 $\gamma\gamma\gamma$   
 $\gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma$   
 $\gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma$

## 2-fermion

$e^+e^- \rightarrow$   $ff \quad f \neq \nu$   
 $\nu\nu\gamma$   
 $\nu\nu\gamma\gamma$   
 $\nu\nu\gamma\gamma\gamma$   
 $e^-\gamma \rightarrow e^-\gamma$   
 $\gamma e^+ \rightarrow e^+\gamma$

## 4-fermion

$e^+e^- \rightarrow$   $\nu\nu\nu\nu\gamma$  6 total  
 $u_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{u}_k$  25 total  
 $\nu_e e^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e$   
 $\nu_e e^+ \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$   
 $\nu_e e^+ \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau$   
 $\nu_e e^+ d\bar{u}$   
 $\cdot$   
 $\cdot$   
 $c\bar{s}s\bar{c}$   
 $u_j\bar{u}_j u_k\bar{u}_k$  9 total  
 $u_j\bar{u}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$  25 total  
 $d_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$  21 total  
 $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow f\bar{f}$  8 total  
 $e_L^- \gamma \rightarrow \nu_e d_k\bar{u}_k$  5 total  
 $e^- \gamma \rightarrow e^- f\bar{f}$  10 total  
 $\gamma e_R^+ \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e u_k\bar{d}_k$  5 total  
 $\gamma e^+ \rightarrow e^+ f\bar{f}$  10 total

Initial state  $\gamma$  refers to both  
 beamstrahlung and bremsstrahlung



## SM Final States 6-Fermion

### 6-fermion

$e^+e^- \rightarrow$	$u_i\bar{u}_i u_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{u}_k$	125 total
	$d_i\bar{d}_i u_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{u}_k$	150 total
	$u_i\bar{u}_i u_j\bar{u}_j u_k\bar{u}_k$	25 total
	$u_i\bar{u}_i u_j\bar{u}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	65 total
	$u_i\bar{u}_i d_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	75 total
	$d_i\bar{d}_i d_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	56 total

$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$	$u_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{u}_k$	25 total
	$u_j\bar{u}_j u_k\bar{u}_k$	9 total
	$u_j\bar{u}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	25 total
	$d_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	21 total

$e_L^- \gamma \rightarrow$	$\nu_e u_j\bar{u}_j d_k\bar{u}_k$	25 total
	$\nu_e d_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{u}_k$	30 total

$e^- \gamma \rightarrow$	$e^- u_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{u}_k$	20 total
	$e^- u_j\bar{u}_j u_k\bar{u}_k$	10 total
	$e^- u_j\bar{u}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	20 total
	$e^- d_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	21 total

$\gamma e_R^+ \rightarrow$	$\bar{\nu}_e u_j\bar{d}_j u_k\bar{u}_k$	25 total
	$\bar{\nu}_e u_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	30 total

$\gamma e^+ \rightarrow$	$e^+ u_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{u}_k$	20 total
	$e^+ u_j\bar{u}_j u_k\bar{u}_k$	10 total
	$e^+ u_j\bar{u}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	20 total
	$e^+ d_j\bar{d}_j d_k\bar{d}_k$	21 total

Initial state  $\gamma$  refers to both  
beamstrahlung and bremsstrahlung



## SM Final States 8-Fermion

### 8-fermion

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow f\bar{f}t\bar{t}$$

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow t\bar{t}$$

$$e^-\gamma \rightarrow e^-t\bar{t}$$

$$\nu_e b\bar{t}$$

$$\gamma e^+ \rightarrow e^+t\bar{t}$$

$$\bar{\nu}_e t\bar{b}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e h \quad | \rightarrow b \bar{b}$$

$$M_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$L = 2 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$

All 2,4,6-fermion and  
top-resonance 8-fermion  
backgrounds included

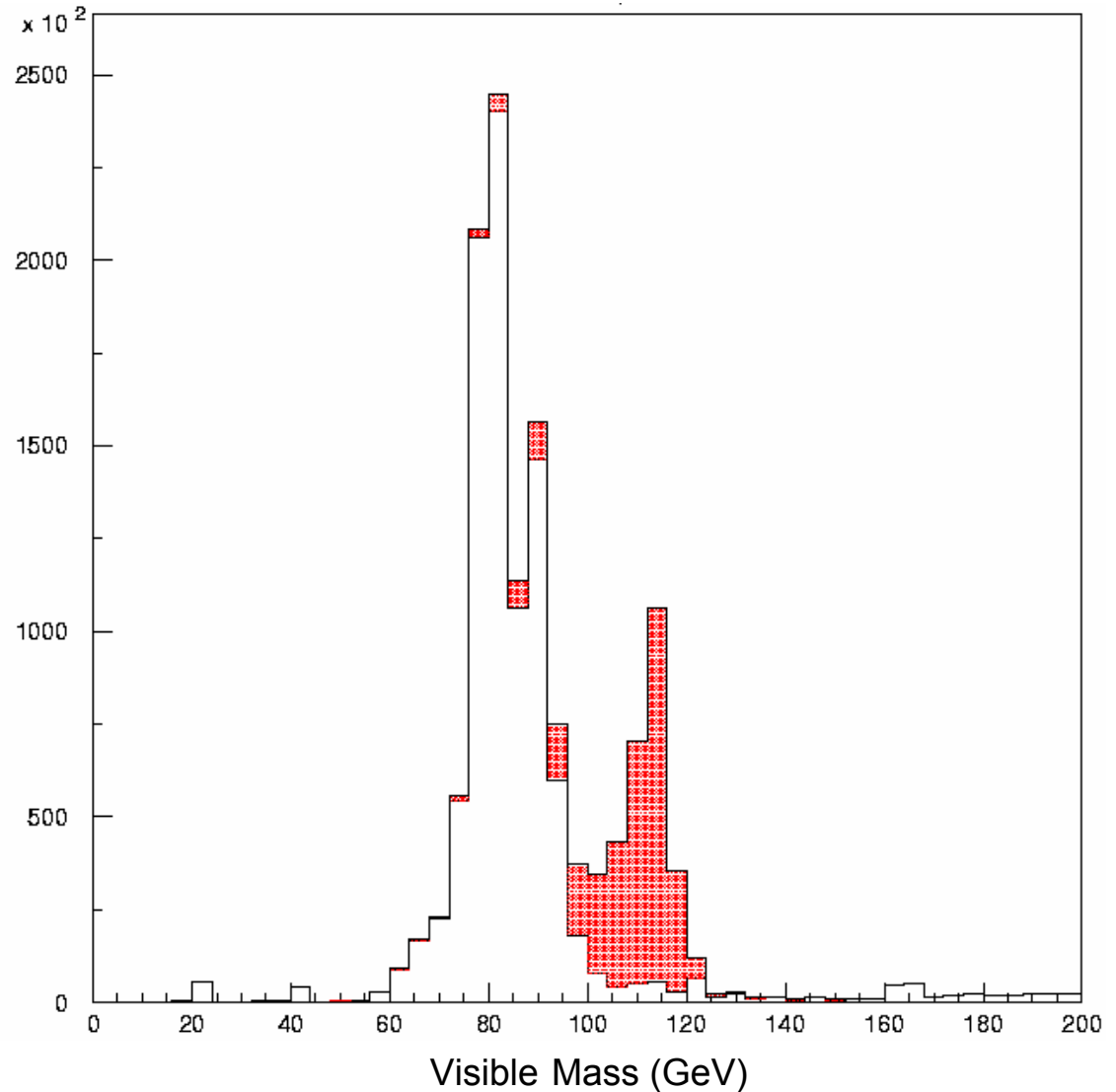
Background passing cuts  
(white histogram) is mostly

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu W$$

$$eeZ$$

$$\nu\nu Z$$

Red histogram:  $h \rightarrow b \bar{b}$



Optimize signal for  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e h$  at 1 TeV  
|  $\rightarrow WW^*$

Require:

$$|\cos\theta_{thrust}| < 0.95$$

$$20 \text{ GeV} < PT_{vis} < 500 \text{ GeV}$$

$$100 < E_{vis} < 400 \text{ GeV}$$

$$N_{isolated leptons} = 0$$

$$4 \leq N_{jets} \leq 5$$

$$16 \leq N_{chrg}$$

$$N_{imp} \leq 6 \text{ where } N_{imp} \text{ is number of large}$$

impact parameter charged tracks

Perform Neural Net Analysis Using Above Variables and  
Dot Products of Jet 4-Vectors

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e h \quad \Big| \rightarrow WW^*$$

$$M_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$L = 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$

All 2,4,6-fermion and  
top-resonance 8-fermion  
backgrounds included

Non-Higgs background  
(white histogram) is mostly

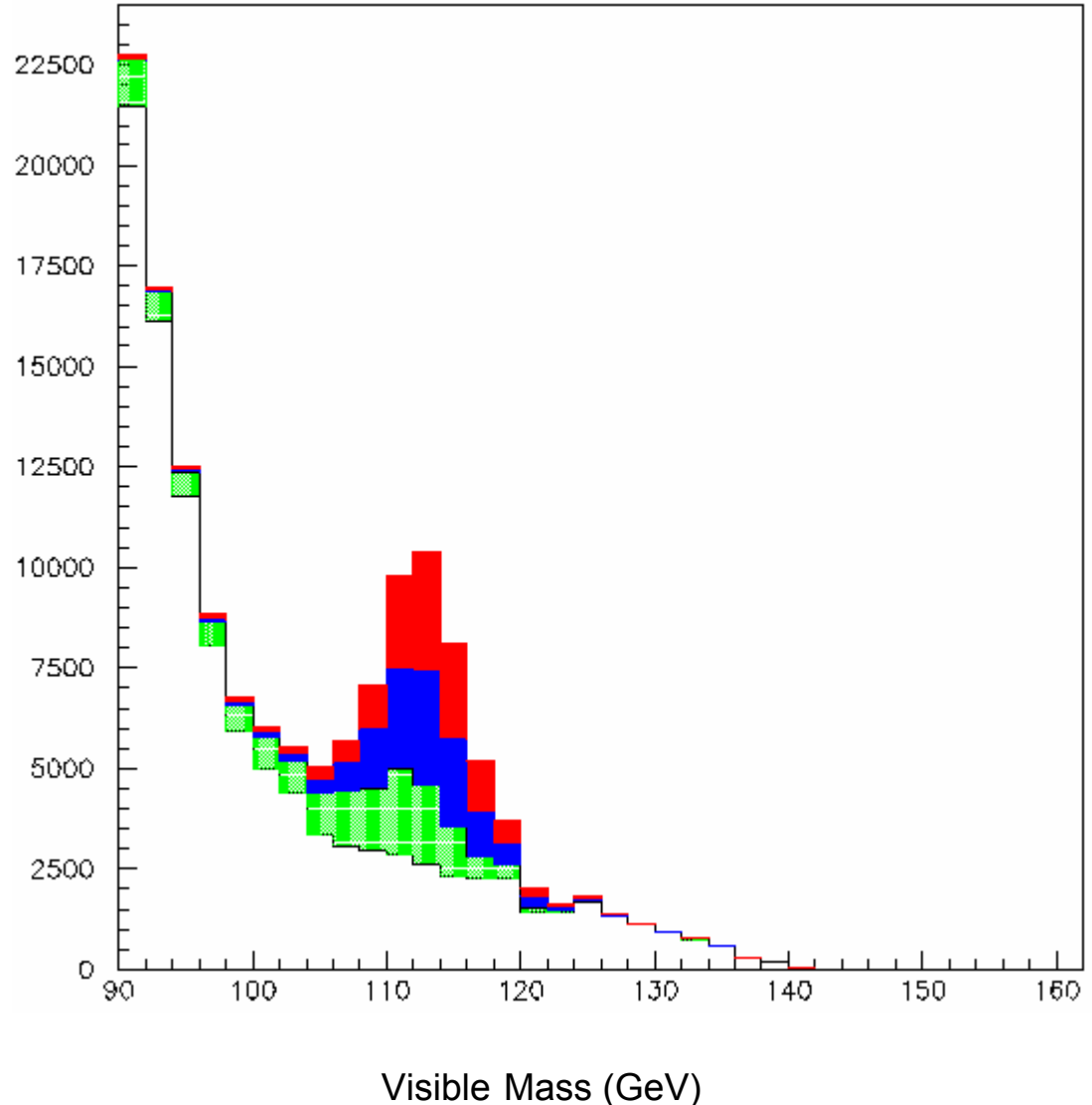
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e\nu W$$

$$(W\gamma \rightarrow ud)$$

Red histogram:  $h \rightarrow WW^*$

Blue histogram:  $h \rightarrow gg$

Green histogram:  $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e h \quad \rightarrow WW^*$$

$$M_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$L = 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$

All 2,4,6-fermion and top-resonance 8-fermion backgrounds included

Non-Higgs background (white histogram) is mostly

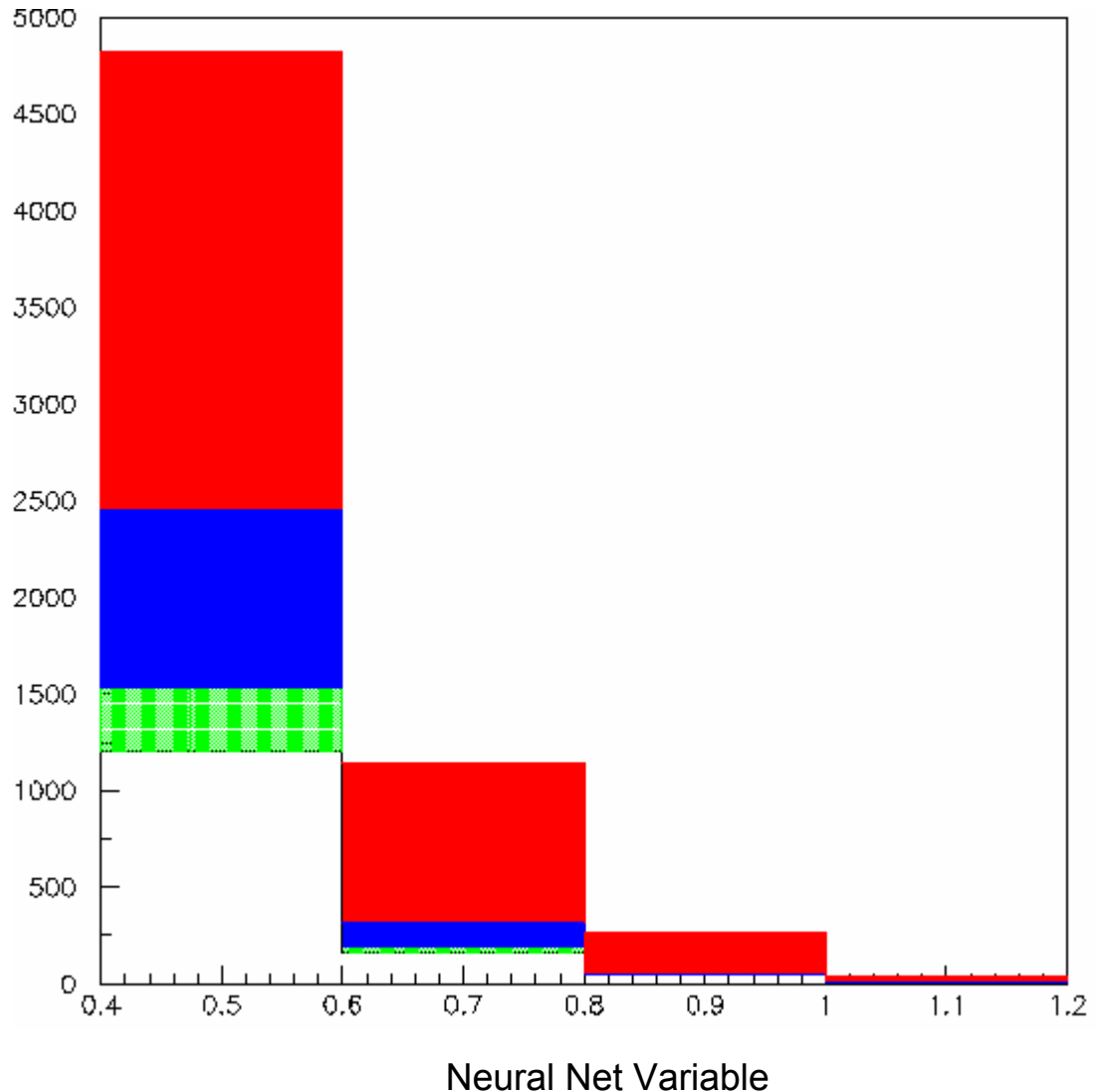
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e\nu W$$

$$(W\gamma \rightarrow ud)$$

Red histogram:  $h \rightarrow WW^*$

Blue histogram:  $h \rightarrow gg$

Green histogram:  $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e h \quad | \rightarrow gg$$

$$M_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$L = 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$

All 2,4,6-fermion and top-resonance 8-fermion backgrounds included

Non-Higgs background (white histogram) is mostly

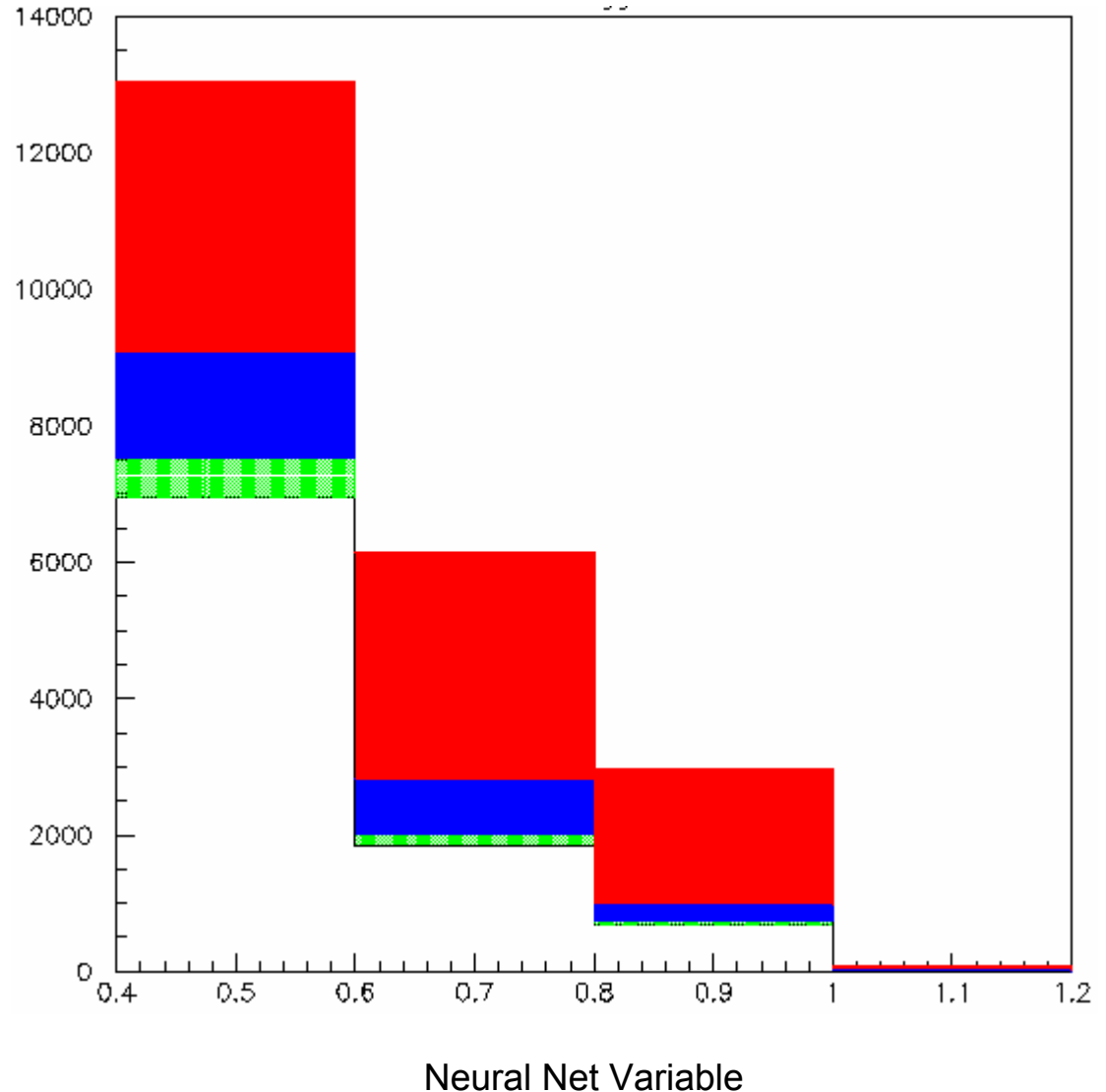
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e\nu W$$

$$(W\gamma \rightarrow ud)$$

Red histogram:  $h \rightarrow gg$

Blue histogram:  $h \rightarrow WW^*$

Green histogram:  $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$





Use ZZ fusion to measure  $\Gamma_{ZZ}$

Optimize signal for  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-h$  at 1 TeV

using only the final state  $e^+e^-$

Take the largest mass  $e^+e^-$  pair in the event and require:

$$0.8 < \cos\theta_{e^-} < 0.9975$$

$$-0.9975 < \cos\theta_{e^+} < -0.8$$

$$|\cos\theta_{ee}| < 0.98$$

$$650 \text{ GeV} < M_{ee} < 870 \text{ GeV}$$

$$0.8 < \text{acopl}_{ee}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-h$$

$$M_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$L = 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$

All 2,4,6-fermion and  
top-resonance 8-fermion  
backgrounds included

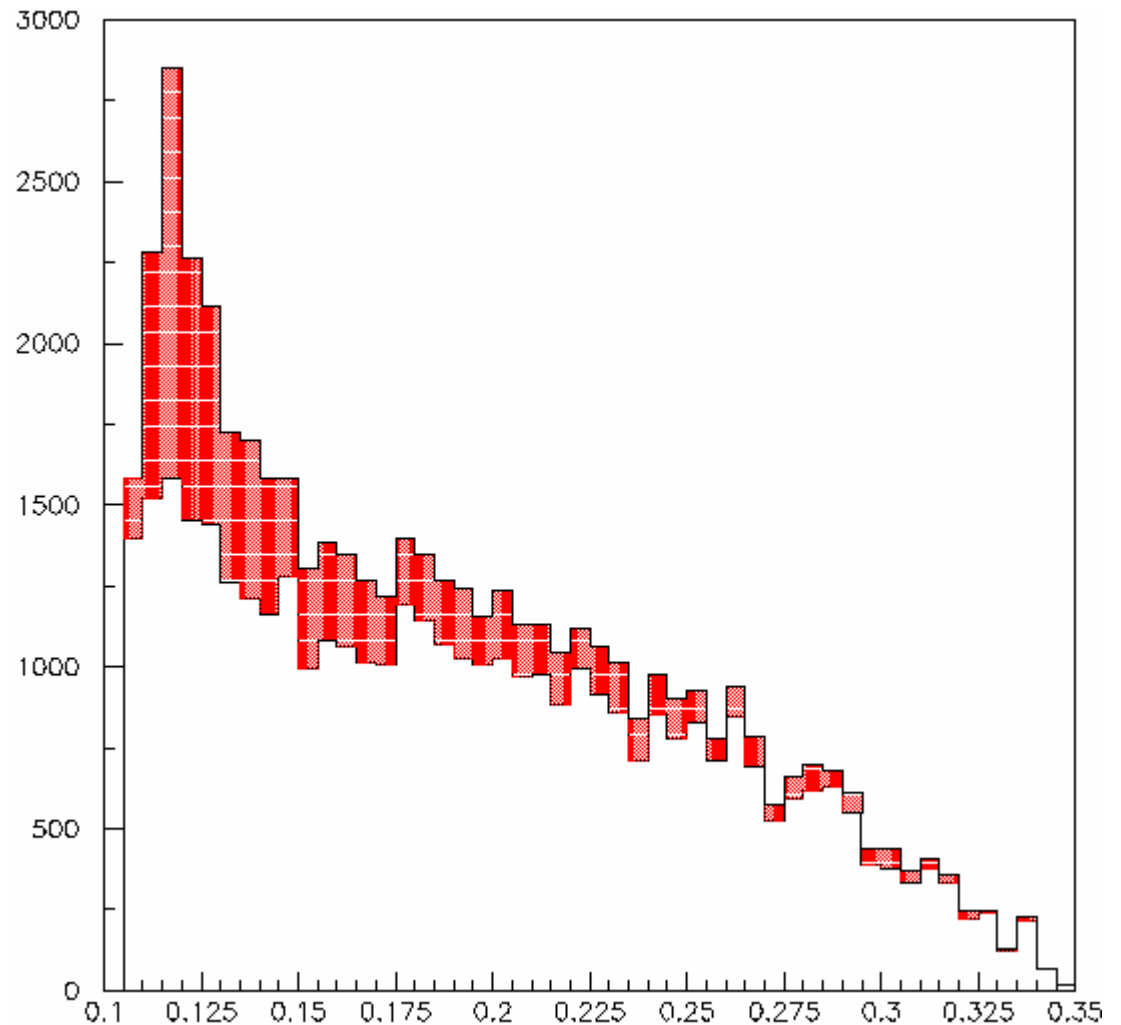
Non-Higgs background  
(white histogram) is mostly

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-q\bar{q}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-l^+l^-$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-W^+W^-$$

Red histogram:  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-h$



Missing Mass Opposite  $e^+e^-$  (TeV)

$$\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV} \quad L = 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad m_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}}}{\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{b\bar{b}}} = 0.003$$

$$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{WW^*}}{\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{WW^*}} = 0.023$$

$$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{gg}}{\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{gg}} = 0.015$$

$$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{eeh}}{\sigma_{eeh}} = 0.029$$

$x$	$B_{h \rightarrow b\bar{b}}$	$B_{h \rightarrow WW^*}$	$\Gamma_{tot}$	$\Gamma_{h \rightarrow ZZ}$
$\Delta x / x$ without 1 TeV	.024	.064	.070	.024
$\Delta x / x$ with 1 TeV	.017	.027	.039	.018

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e h \quad | \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

$$M_h = 115 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$L = 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$

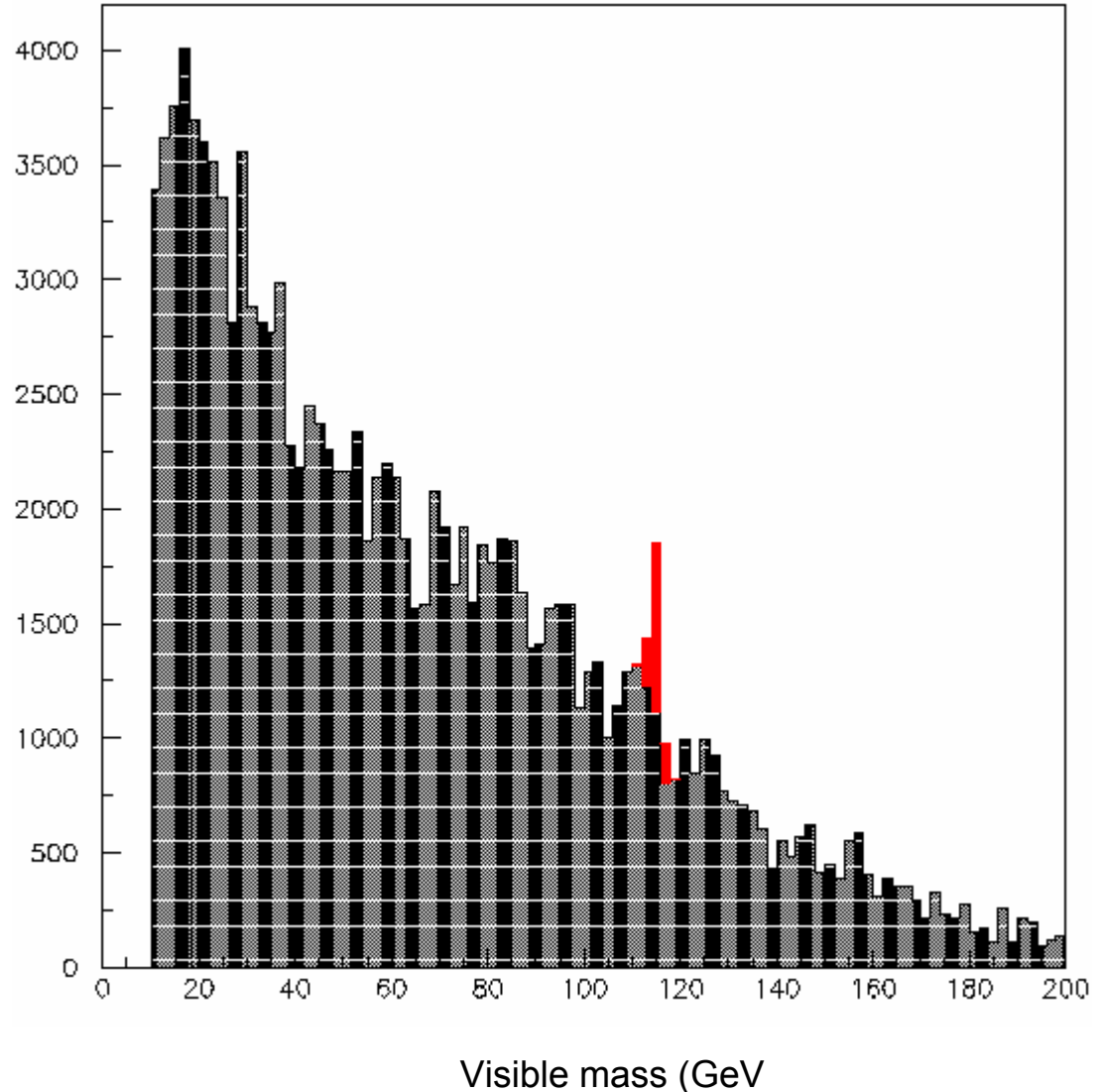
All 2,4,6-fermion and top-resonance 8-fermion backgrounds included

Non-Higgs background (white histogram) is mostly

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu\nu\gamma\gamma$$

Red histogram:  $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

$$\frac{\Delta\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{\lambda\lambda}}{\sigma_{\nu\nu h} \cdot B_{\lambda\lambda}} = 0.06$$



# SUMMARY

Meas of  $\sigma_{\nu h} \cdot B_{WW^*}$  and  $\sigma_{eeh}$  at 1 TeV improves resolution for  $B_{WW^*}$ ,  $B_{b\bar{b}}$ ,  $\Gamma_{ZZ}$ ,  $\Gamma_{tot}$

Further improvement in resolution for  $\Gamma_{tot}$  might be achieved with a measurement of  $\sigma_{eeh} \cdot B_{WW^*}$  using WW semileptonic topology

6% measurement of  $B_{\lambda\lambda}$  can be achieved.

Improvements in charm and gluon BR's are also possible.