

# Geant4 application for future linear collider detector studies

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Many thanks Dr. Asai for his kind help

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(by Dr.Iwasaki)
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(by Dr.Iwasaki)
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# Introduction

- Requirements from future linear collider
  - very good jet energy resolution
  - needs energy flow method
  - typical multi-jet event
    - chrg. part. carry 64%  $E \rightarrow$  tracker
    - photon carry 25%  $E \rightarrow$  EM cal.**
    - neut. Had. carry 11%  $E \rightarrow$  HAD cal.
- Calorimeter must be optimized for energy flow.
- We used to use GISMO, but now switch to **GEANT4**

# Detector geometry

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- **Detector geometry must be flexibly set.**
  - **We do not want to make executables detector by detector.**
- **Current solution is XML.**

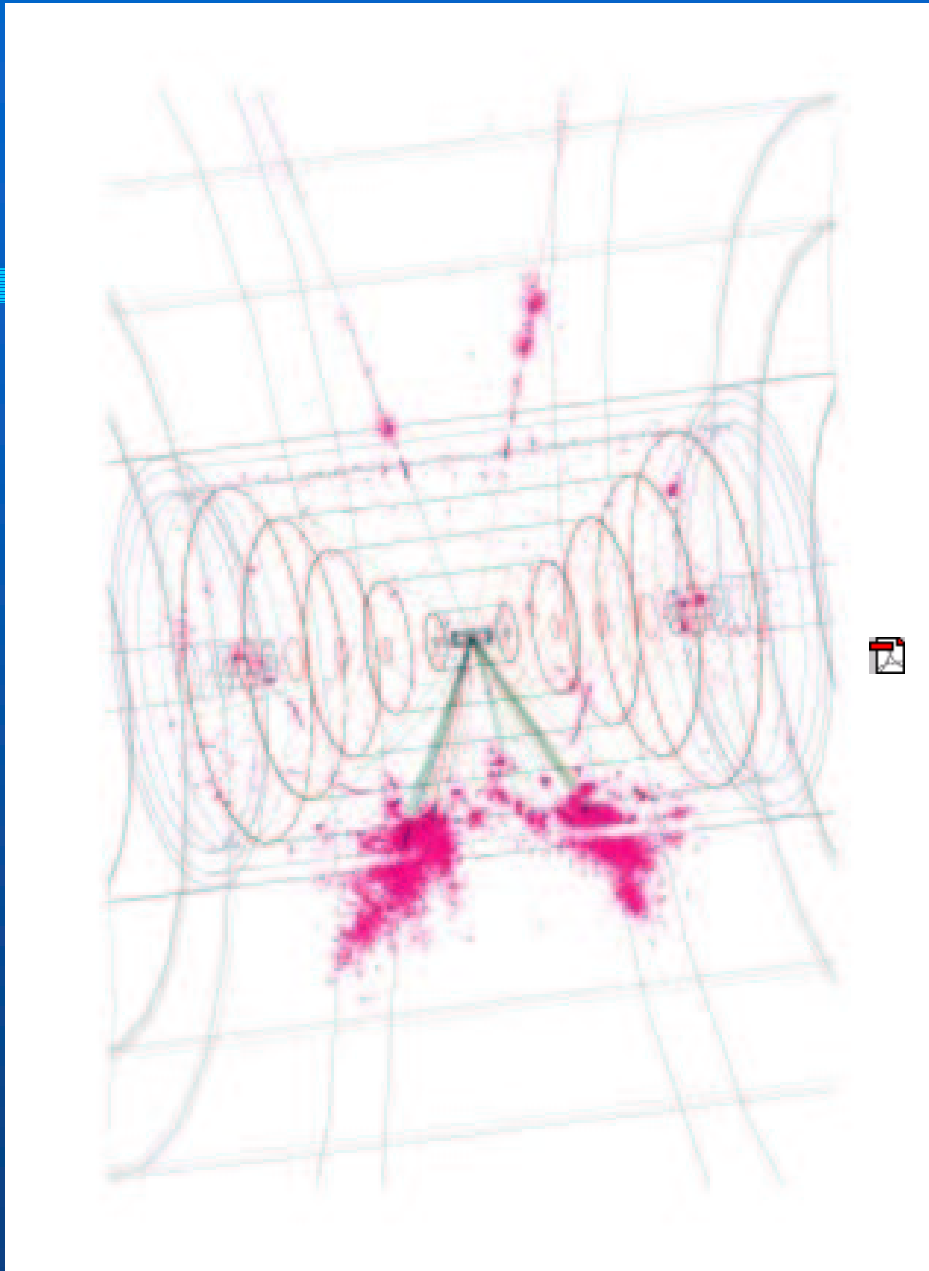
**XML is a text file and easily change detector geometry.**

# An example of XML file

```
<volume id="EM_BARREL" rad_len_cm="0.7248" inter_len_cm="0.028" >
  <tube>
    <barrel_dimensions inner_r = "127.0" outer_z = "210.0" />
    <layering n="30">
      <slice material = "W" width = "0.25" />
      <slice material = "Si" width = "0.04" sensitive = "yes" />
      <slice material = "G10" width = "0.2" />
      <slice material = "Air" width = "0.01" />
    </layering>
    <segmentation cos_theta = "840" phi = "1680" />
  </tube>
  <calorimeter type = "em" />
</volume>

<volume id="HAD_BARREL" rad_len_cm="1.133" inter_len_cm="0.1193">

  <tube>
    <barrel_dimensions inner_r = "153.0" outer_z = "312.0" />
    <layering n="34">
      <slice material = "Stainless_steel" width = "2.0" />
      <slice material = "Polystyrene" width = "1.0" sensitive = "yes" />
    </layering>
    <segmentation cos_theta = "600" phi = "1200" />
  </tube>
  <calorimeter type = "had" />
</volume>
```



$ee \rightarrow ZH ; Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  (with **SD**)

VXD: CCD

Tracker: **Silicon strip**  
(5 layers)

Magnet: **5 Tesla**

EM Calorimeter:

**Si+W**

**5x5mm<sup>2</sup>**

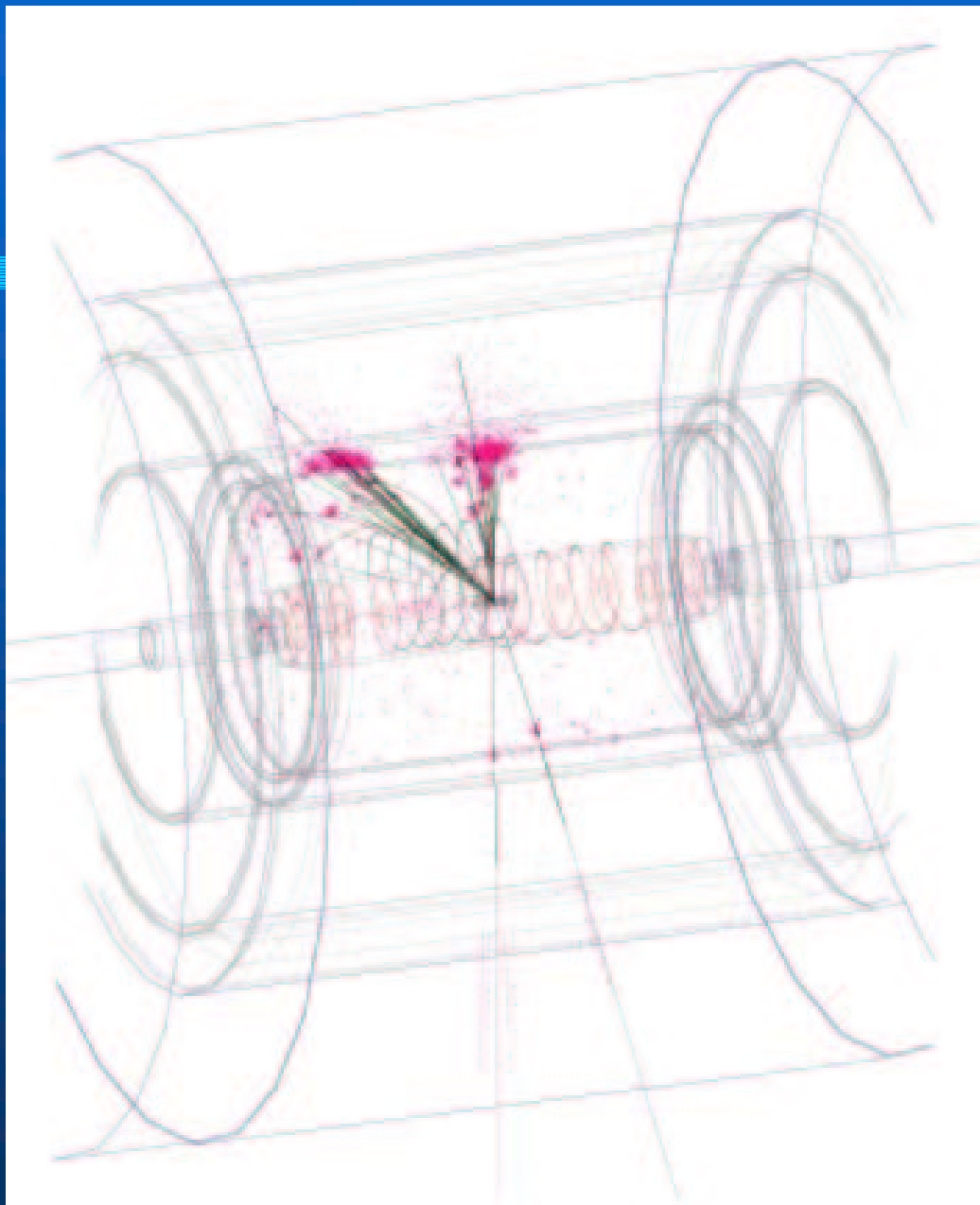
R=127cm

HAD Calorimeter:

Stainless Steel  
+ Scintillator

1x1cm<sup>2</sup>

R=143cm



$ee \rightarrow ZH ; Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  (with LD)

VXD: CCD

Tracker: TPC

Magnet: 3 Tesla

EM Calorimeter:

Pb+Scintillator

$5 \times 5 \text{ cm}^2$

$R = 200 \text{ cm}$

HAD Calorimeter:

Pb+Scintillator

$20 \times 20 \text{ cm}^2$

$R = 250 \text{ cm}$

# GEANT4 application for LCD

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- We use GEANT4.4.0 and ROOT3.2.7.
- Input generator data is ROOT file format or STDHEP format.
- Output data (hits,...) is written in ROOT file format.
- The application program works on various computer platforms (Linux, SunOS, Windows).



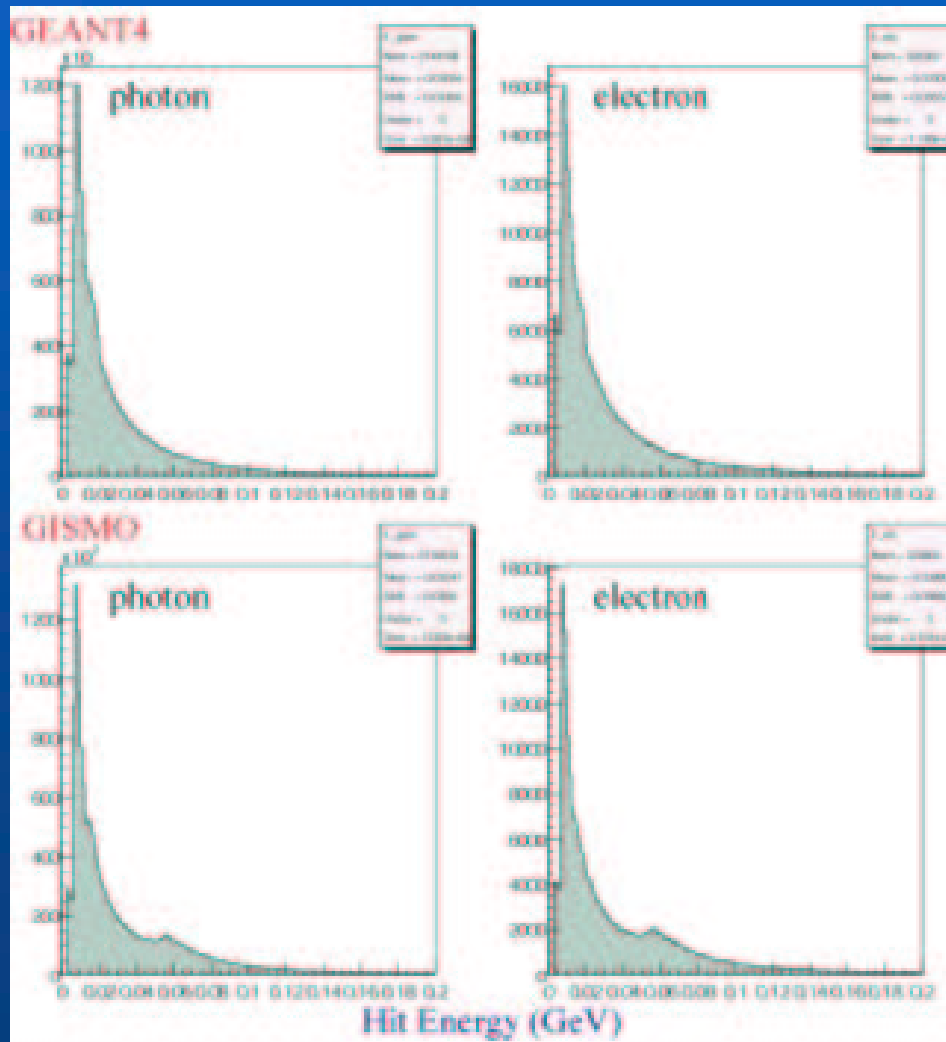
# Event generation time

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- **Generate  $ee \rightarrow tt$  @  $E_{cm}=500$  GeV**
- **Computer: RedHat7.2+733MHz CPU**  
**SD: ~ 1mim/event**  
**LD: ~ 3mim/event**

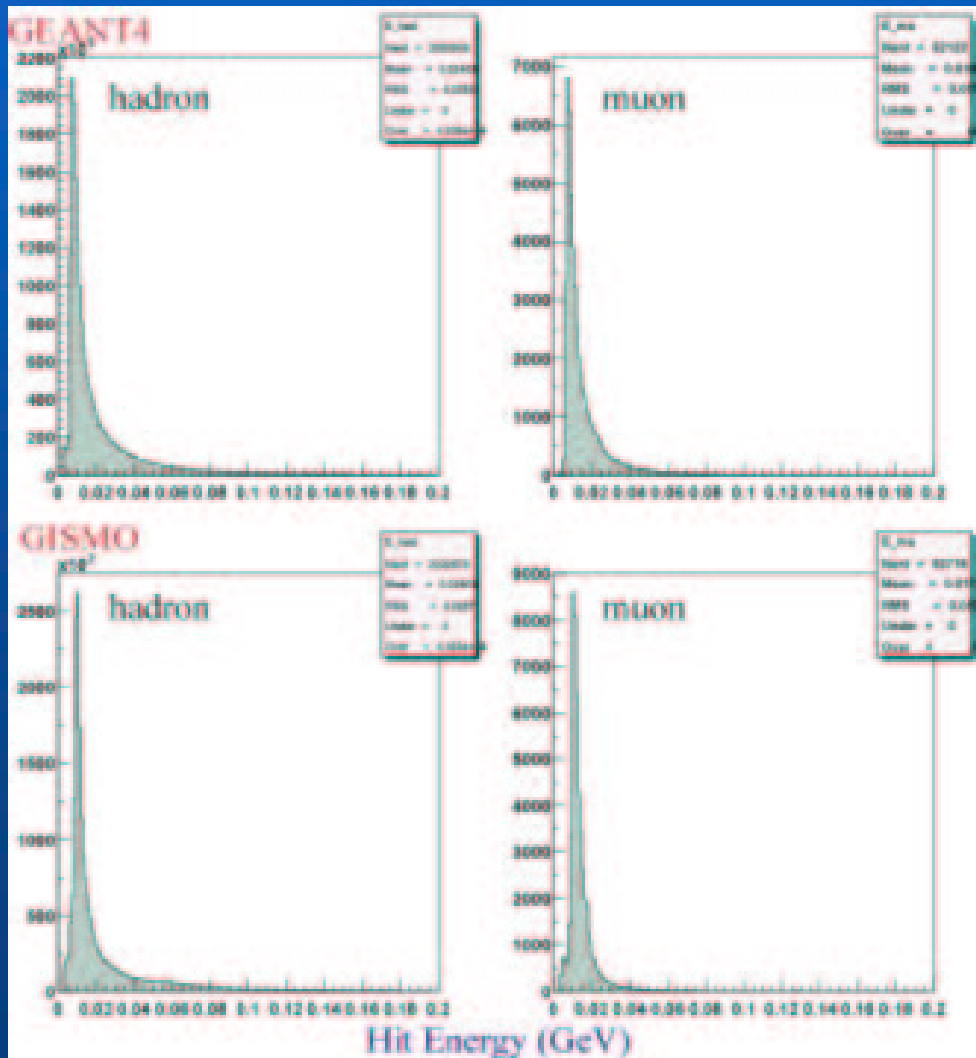
# Comparison between GEANT4 and GISMO (by Dr.Iwasaki)

# EM Hit Energy (e & photon, SD)



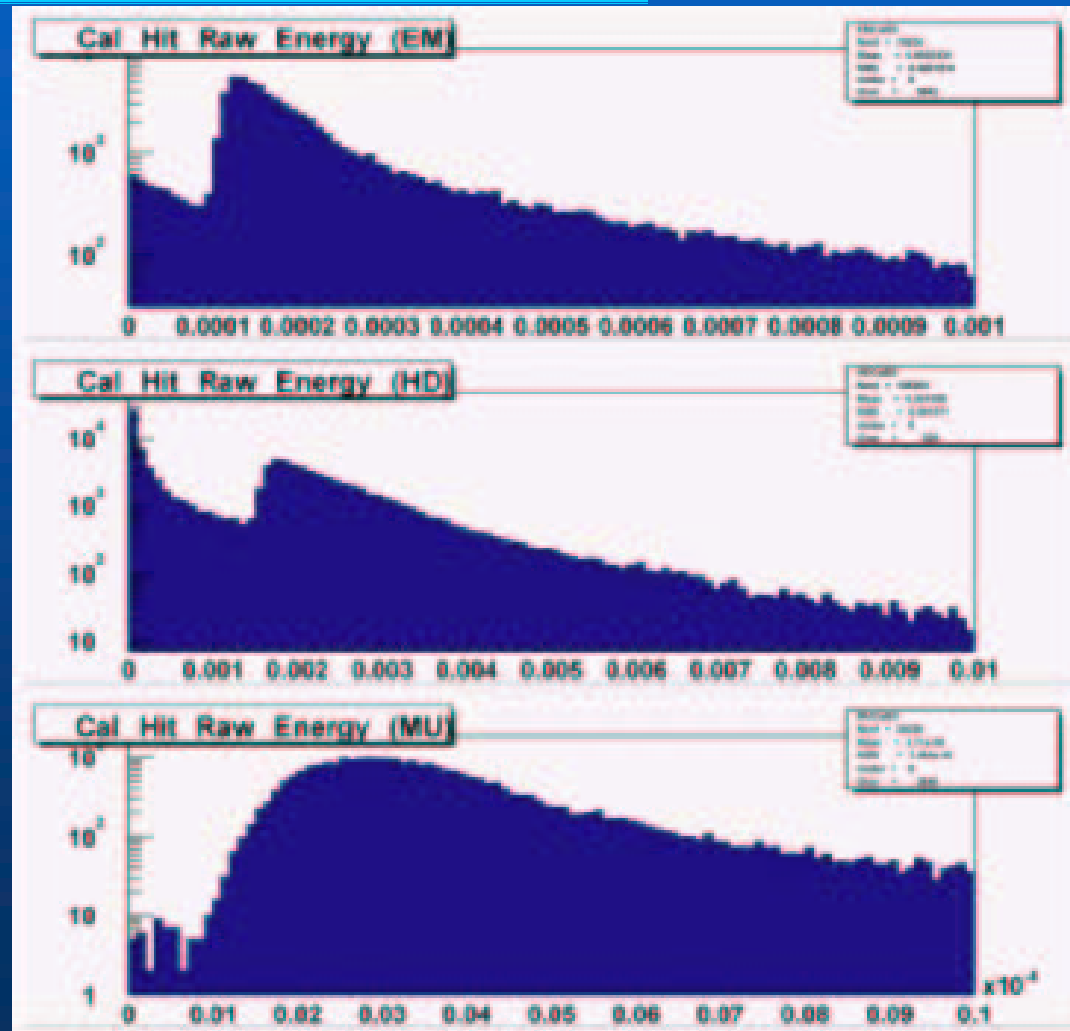
$E_{\text{GEANT4}} < E_{\text{GISMO}}$   
(~10%)  
(Use same energy scale)

# EM Hit Energy ( $\pi$ & $\mu$ , SD)

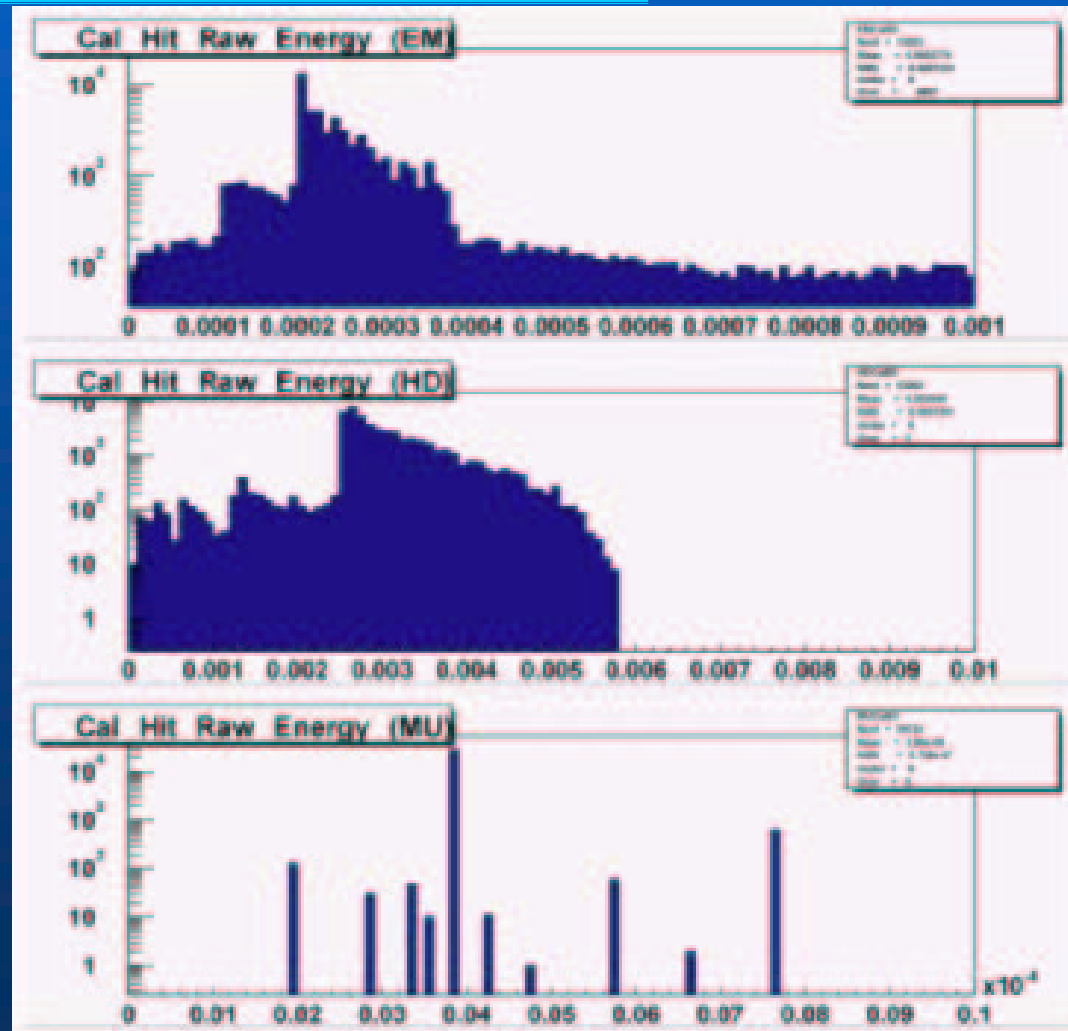


**GISMO ...  
less high energy tail**

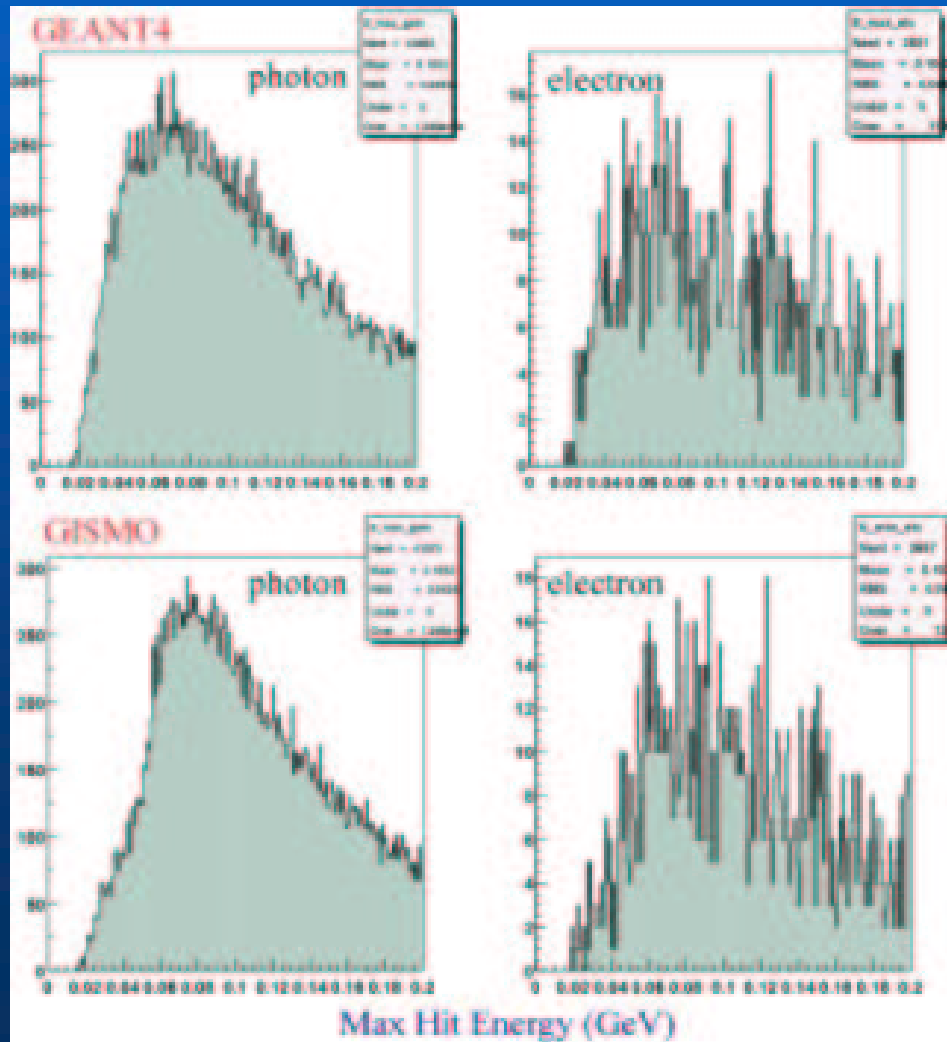
# Hit Energy ( $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ , SD, Geant4)



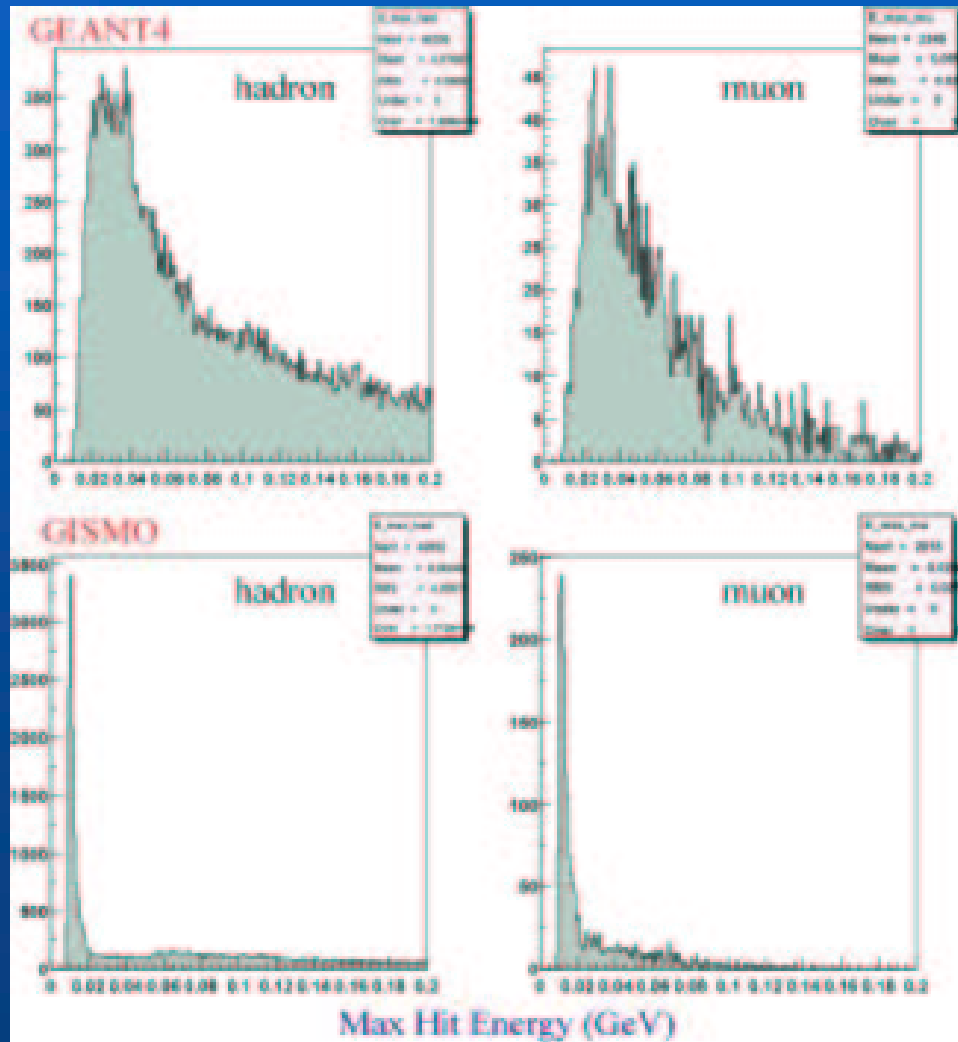
# Hit Energy ( $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ , SD, Gismo)



# Max. hit energy in a cluster (e & photon, SD)



# Max. hit energy in a cluster ( $\pi$ & $\mu$ , SD)



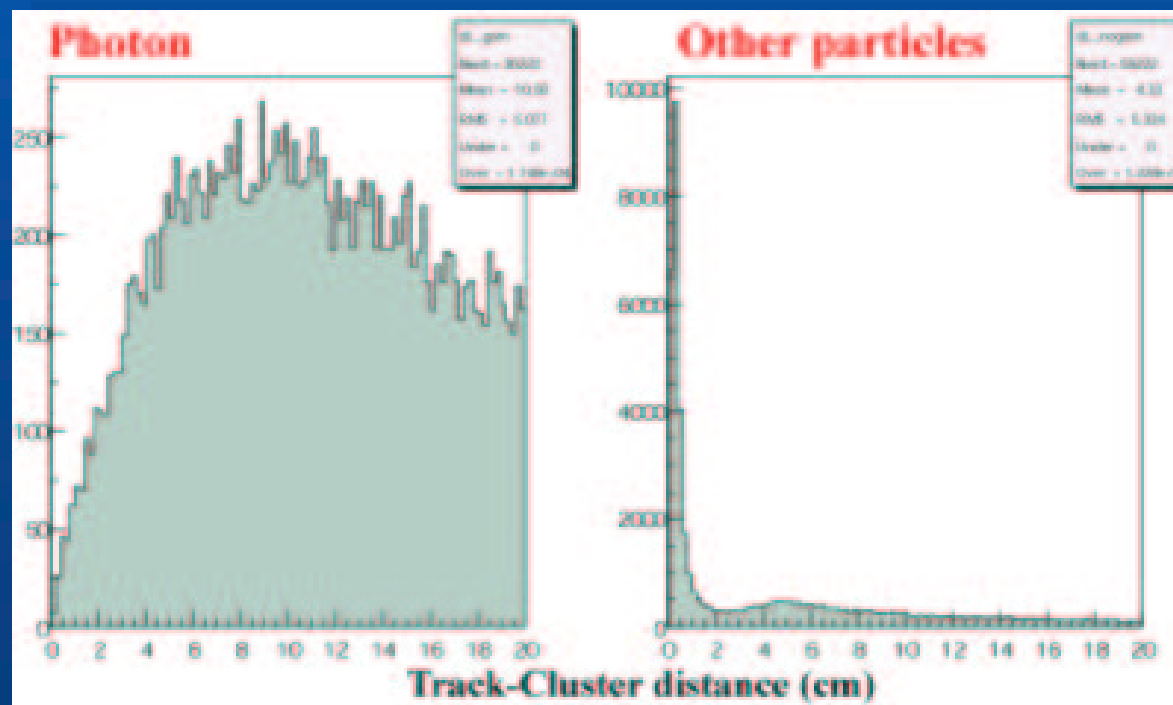
**GISMO/GEANT4 quite different shape...**  
need more study in future



# Photon reconstruction (by Dr.Iwasaki)

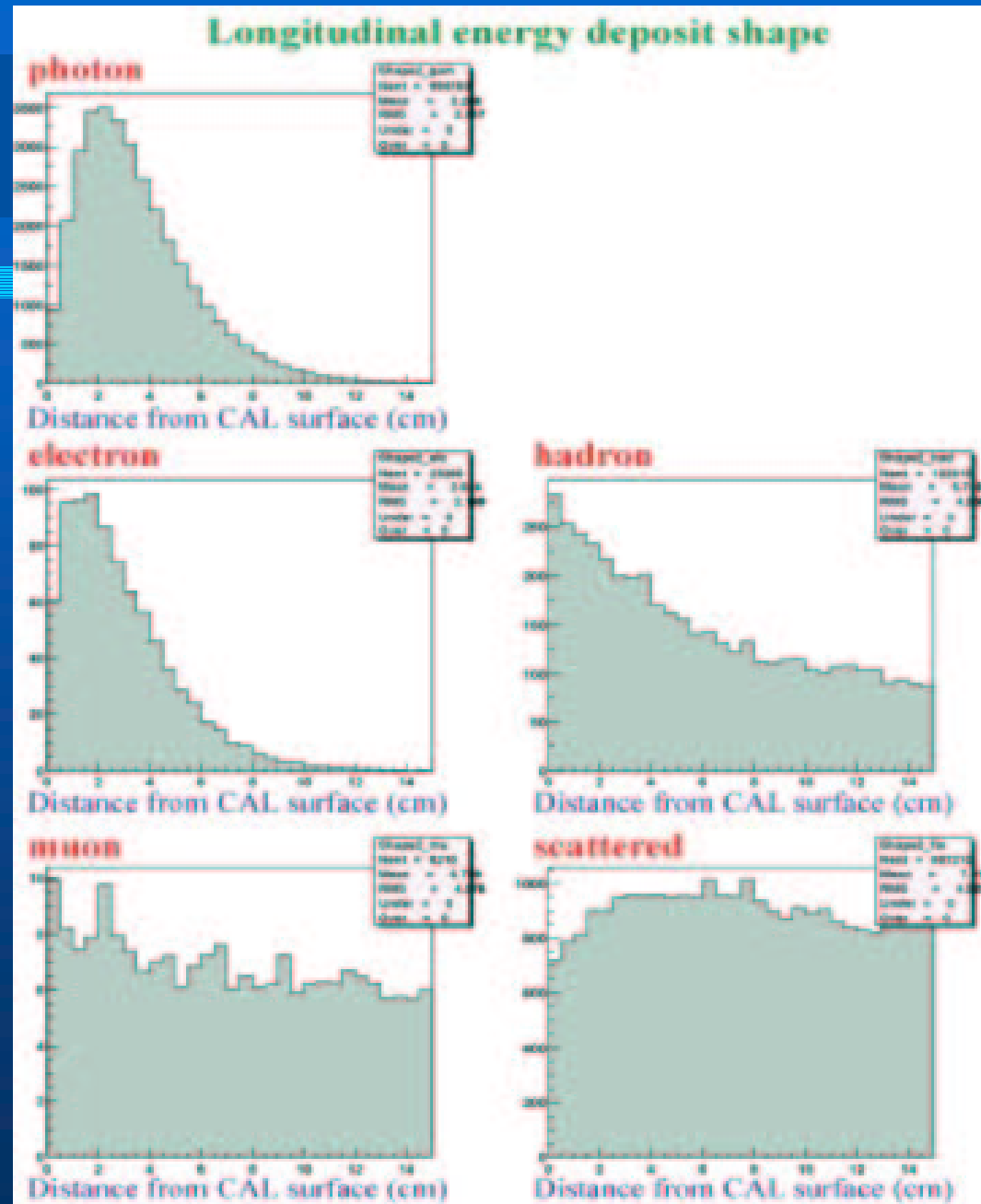
# $\gamma$ selection by transverse information

- Extrapolate charged tracks to the cluster radius.
- Associate the nearest track to the cluster.



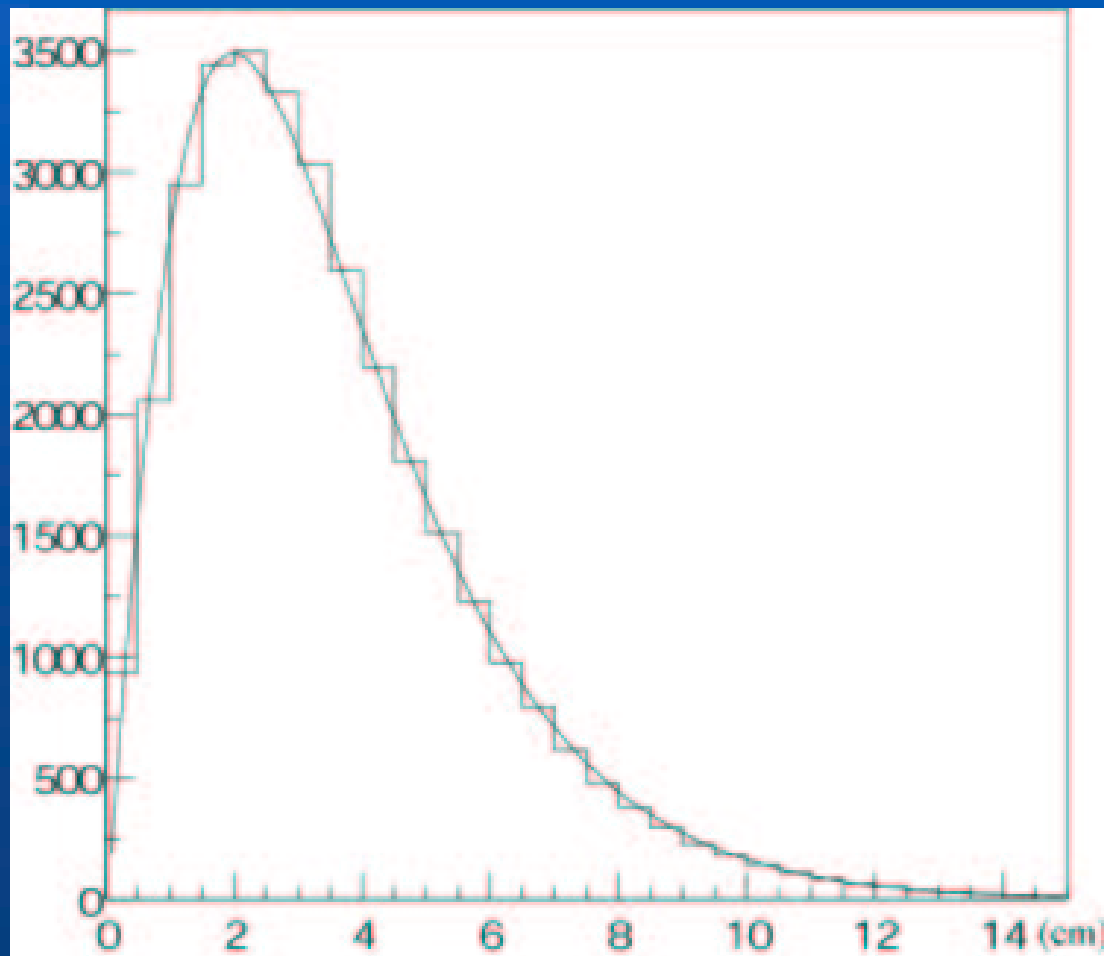
$\gamma$  selection:  
 $\Pi=48\%$   
 $\epsilon=98\%$

# $\gamma$ selection by longitudinal information



# $\gamma$ selection by longitudinal information (cont.)

We determine the longitudinal  $\gamma$  shape by fitting.

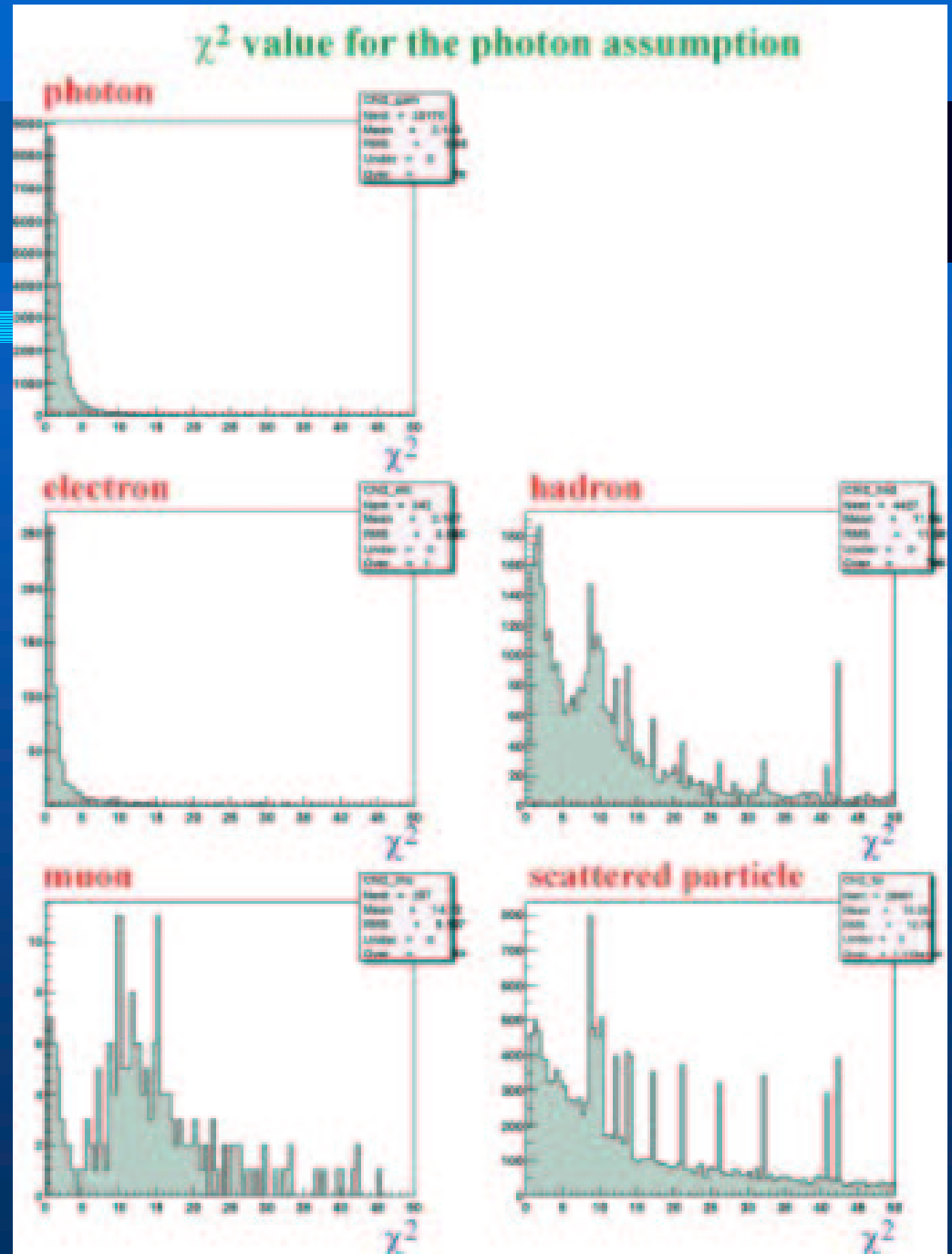


# $\chi^2$ for the $\gamma$ assumption

- Overall  $\gamma$  selection performance with other selection:

$\Pi=85\%$

$\varepsilon=85\%$



# Mass reconstruction (no kin. con.)

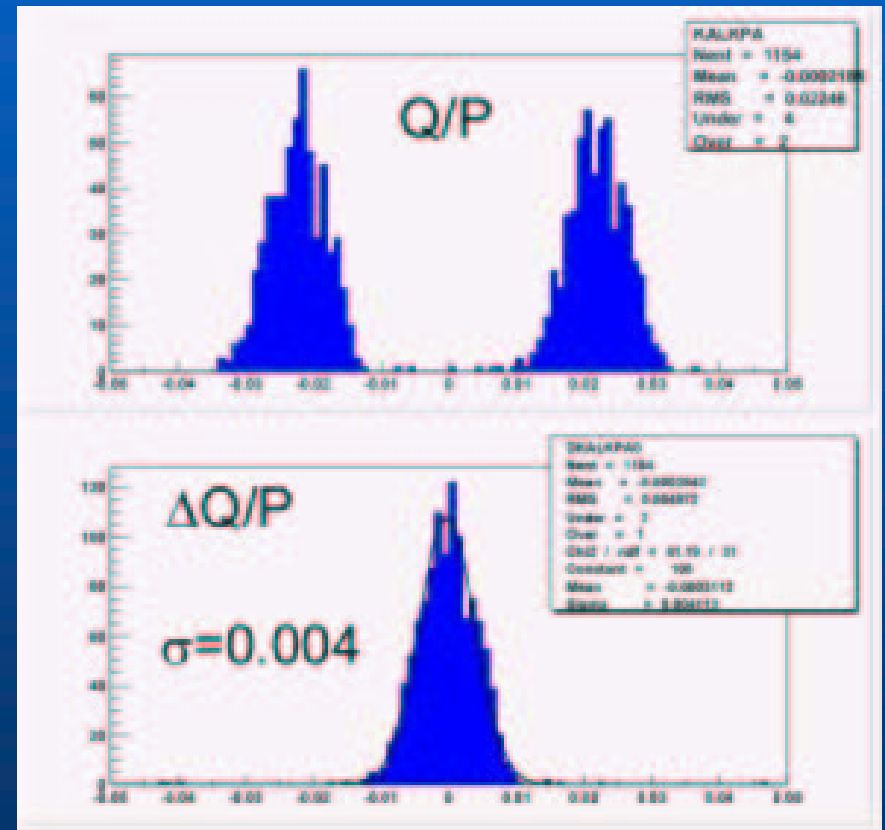
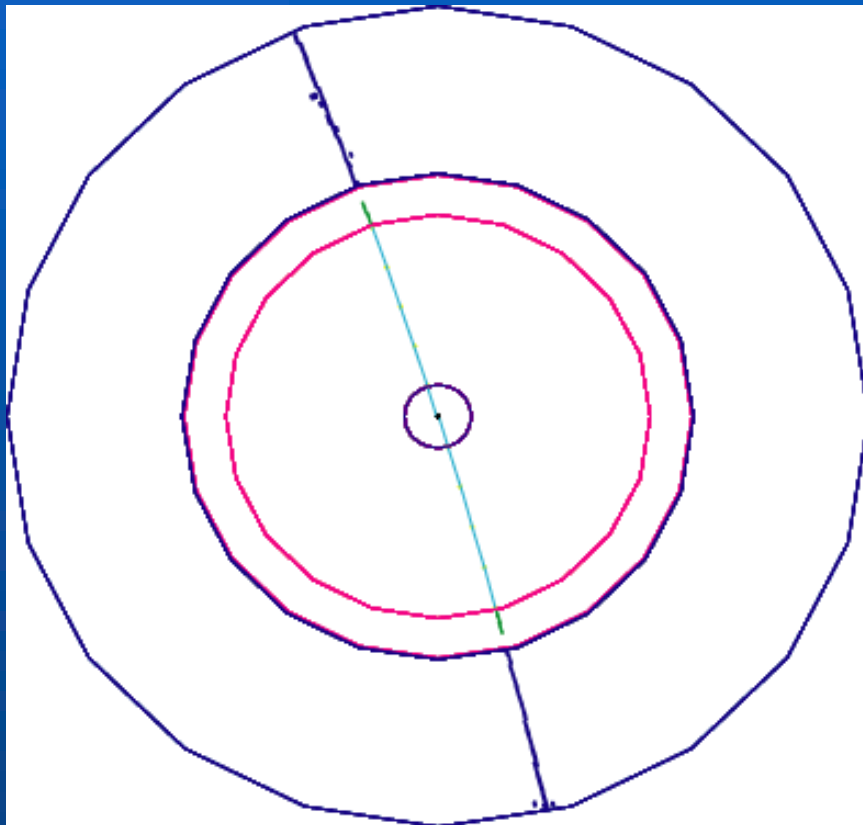
GEANT4	W mass	error	Top mass	error
Track + $\gamma$	67.1 $\pm$ 15.9 GeV	(28%)	141.0 $\pm$ 33.5	(24%)
Track + $\gamma$ (true)	70.2 $\pm$ 16.9	(24%)	147.0 $\pm$ 31.7	(22%)
Track + $\gamma$ (true) + $h^0$ (true)	77.2 $\pm$ 15.1	(20%)	159.7 $\pm$ 30.7	(19%)

- True- $\gamma$ /selected- $\gamma$  difference ... 2~4%  
→ very good  $\gamma$  selection performance
- Adding the neutral hadron clusters  
→ can improve mass resolution 3~4%

# Calorimeter tracking

- Fine granularity of SD calorimeter (5X5mm<sup>2</sup>) makes enable tracking.
- Calorimeter may help track finding with tracking device and can significantly contribute to physics analysis (GMSEB,...)
- We have checked the tracking performance using  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and single photon events.

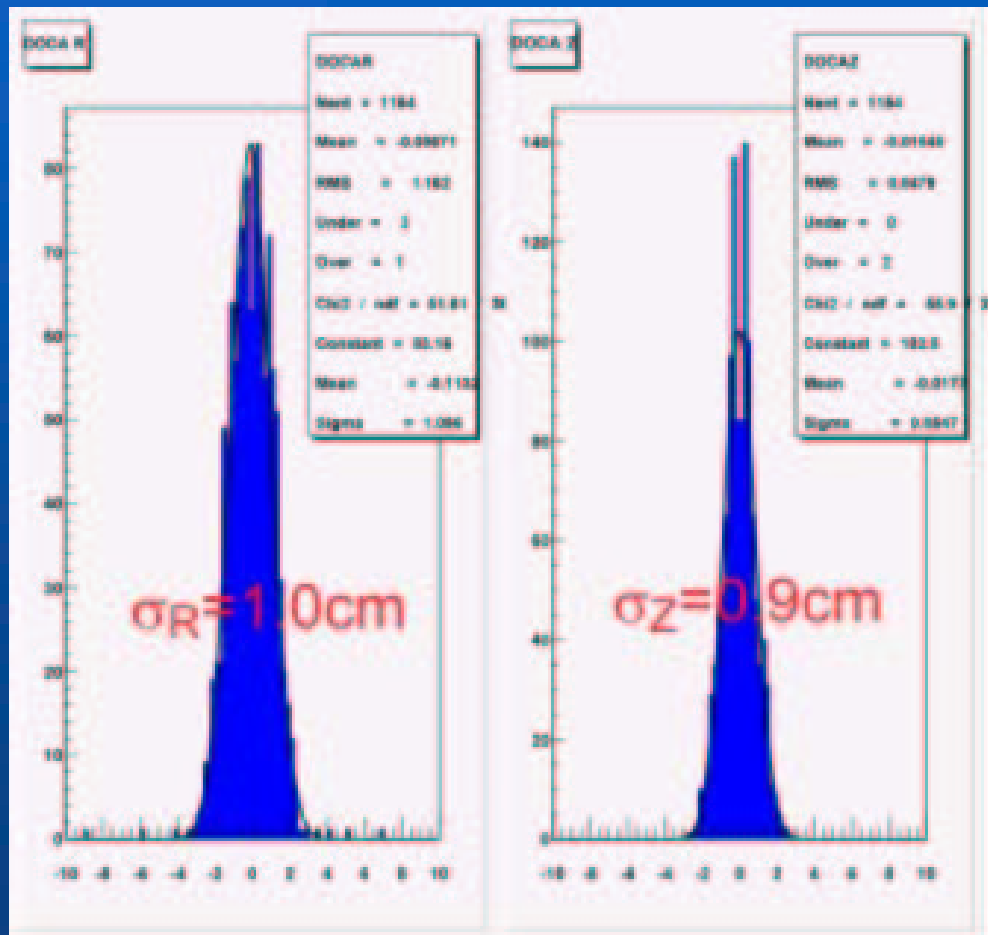
# Charge separation



- Sample is  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  @  $E_{cm}=91.26\text{GeV}$

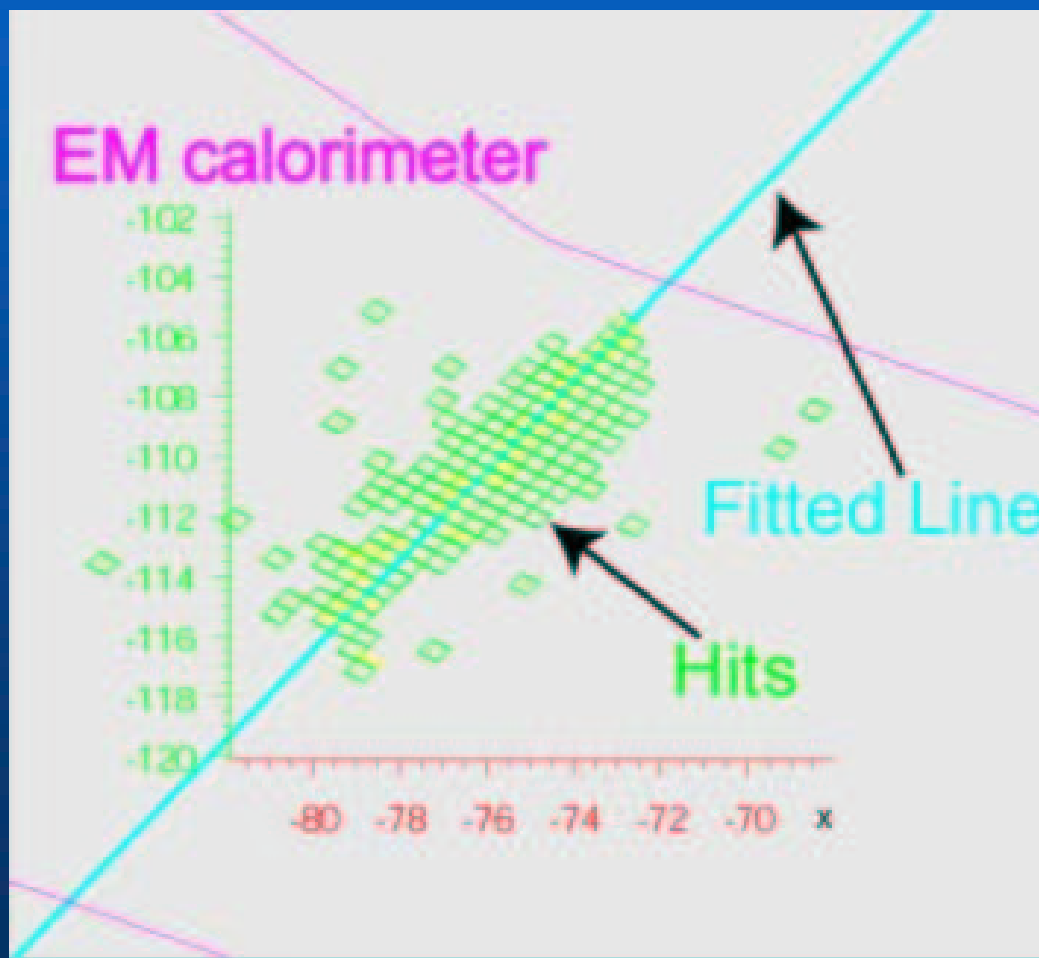


# Impact parameter resolution

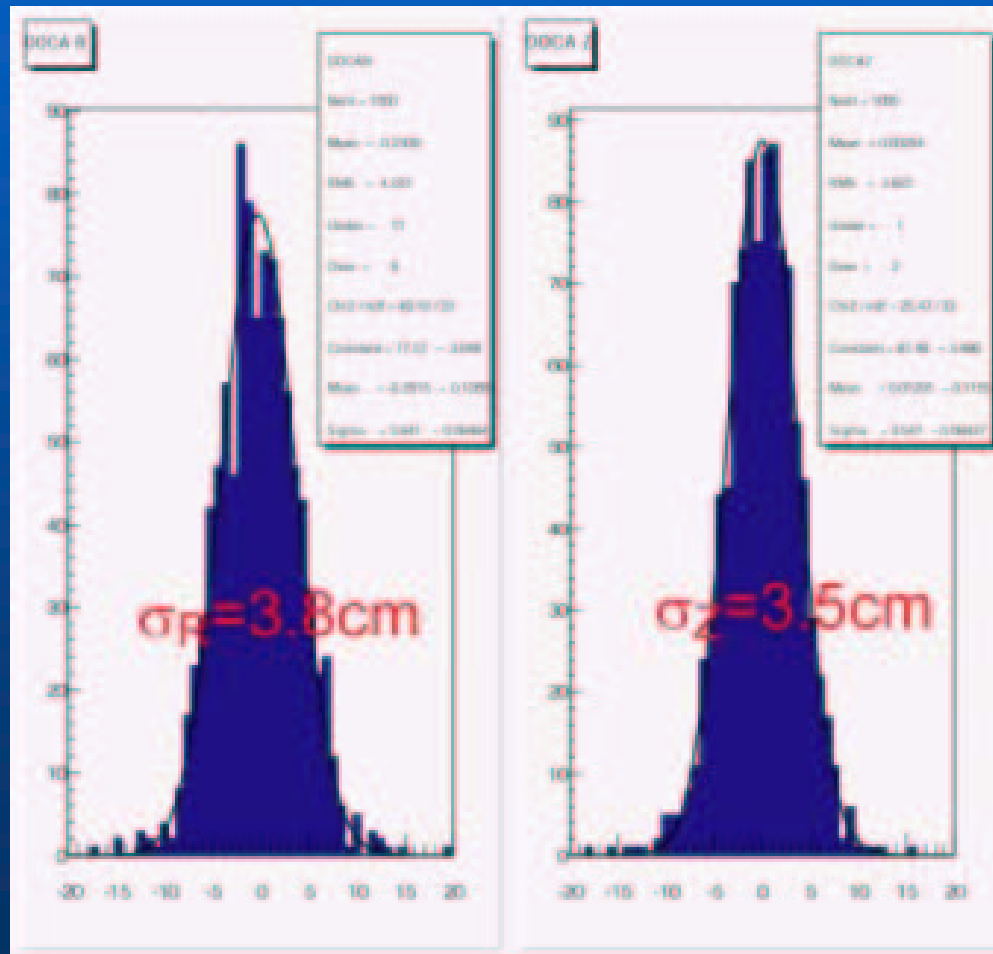


- Impact parameter and momentum resolution must improve when the tracks link to hits in outer layer of tracking device.

# Line fitting of photon clusters



# DOCA resolution



10GeV gamma  
from I.P.

# Summary

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- **LCD Geant4 works with XML detector file on various computer platforms.**

<http://www->

[sldnt.slac.stanford.edu/nld/New/Docs/LCD\\_Root/root.htm](http://www-sldnt.slac.stanford.edu/nld/New/Docs/LCD_Root/root.htm)

- **Significant difference in hadron and muon hits between GEANT4 and GISMO.**
- **Current SD detector design gives very good photon reconstruction.**
- **Calorimeter tracking is promising for SD.**

# Future plan

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- Implementation of Norman's "generic hit output" idea.
- Make GEANT4 plug-in for ROOT.
- Support of SIO output format.

## Request to GEANT4

- Please support various platforms (HP-UX, AIX,...)
- Please allow optimization flag for Windows

# Detector designs



29 cm Al

coil



40 cm Al

120x  
⋮  
 $\Lambda \approx \sim 6$

34x  
⋮  
 $\Lambda \approx \sim 4$



2 mm scint  
8 mm Pb

HAD  
Cal



1 cm scint  
2 cm Stainless\_steel



40x  
⋮  
 $X_0 \approx \sim 28$   
 $\Lambda \approx \sim 1$

30x  
⋮  
 $X_0 \approx \sim 21$   
 $\Lambda \approx \sim 0.8$



1 mm scint  
4 mm Pb

EM  
Cal



0.1mm Air  
2 mm G10  
0.4 mm Si  
2.5 mm W